## Features

- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Compatible
- Supports SPI Modes 0 (0,0) and 3 (1,1)
- Data Sheet Describes Mode 0 Operation
- Low-voltage and Standard-voltage Operation
- 1.8 (V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V to 5.5V)
- 20MHz Clock Rate (5V)
- 64-byte Page Mode and Byte Write Operation
- Block Write Protection
  - Protect 1/4, 1/2, or Entire Array
- Write Protect (WP) Pin and Write Disable Instructions for Both Hardware and Software Data Protection
- Self-timed Write Cycle (5ms Max)
- High-reliability
  - Endurance: 1 Million Write Cycles
    - Data Retention: >100 Years
- Green (Pb/Halide-free/RoHS Compliant) Packaging Options
- Die Sales: Wafer Form, Waffle Pack, and Bumped Die

## Description

The Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT25128B/256B provides 131,072/262,144-bits of serial electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM) organized as 16,384/32,768 words of 8-bits each. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial applications where low-power and low-voltage operation are essential. The devices are available in space saving 8-lead SOIC, 8-lead TSSOP, 8-ball VFBGA and 8-lead UDFN packages. In addition, the entire family is available in 1.8V (1.8V to 5.5V).

The AT25128B/256B is enabled through the Chip Select pin ( $\overline{CS}$ ) and accessed via a 3-wire interface consisting of Serial Data Input (SI), Serial Data Output (SO), and Serial Clock (SCK). All programming cycles are completely self-timed, and no separate Erase cycle is required before Write.

Table 0-1.	Pin Configurations		
Pin	Function	8-lead SOIC	8-lead TSSOP
CS	Chip Select	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c} CS \square 1 & & 8 \square V_{CC} \\ SO \square 2 & 7 \square HOLD \end{array}$
SCK	Serial Data Clock		
SI	Serial Data Input	GND 4 5 SI	$GND \square 4 5 \square SI$
SO	Serial Data Output	8-lead UDFN	8-ball VFBGA
GND	Ground		
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power Supply	HOLD 7 2 SO	HOLD ⑦ ② SO
WP	Write Protect	SCK 6 3 WP SI 5 4 GND	SCK 6 3 WP SI 5 4 GND
HOLD	Suspends Serial Input	Bottom View	Bottom View

Block Write protection is enabled by programming the status register with top 1/4, top 1/2 or entire array of write protection. Separate Program Enable and Program Disable instructions are provided for additional data protection. Hardware data protection is provided via the WP pin to protect against inadvertent write attempts to the status register. The HOLD pin may be used to suspend any serial communication without resetting the serial sequence.



SPI Serial Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read-only Memory 128K (16,384 x 8) 256K (32,768 x 8)

# Atmel AT25128B Atmel AT25256B

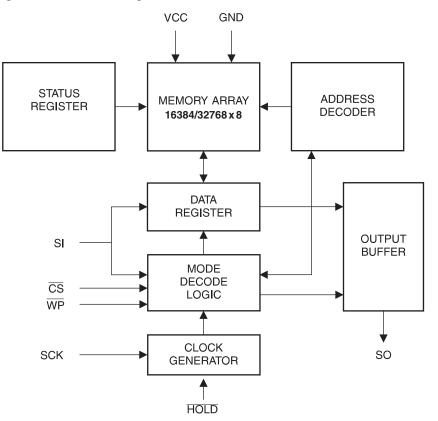




# 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Operating Temperature55°C to +125°C	*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute
Storage Temperature65°C to + 150°C	Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at
Voltage on Any Pin	these or any other conditions beyond those
with Respect to Ground1.0V +7.0V	indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to
Maximum Operating Voltage 6.25V	absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
DC Output Current 5.0 mA	

Figure 1-1. Block Diagram



# Atmel AT25128B/256B

#### Table 1-1.Pin Capacitance (1)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Max	Units	Conditions
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance (SO)	8	pF	$V_{OUT} = 0V$
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance ( $\overline{CS}$ , SCK, SI, $\overline{WP}$ , $\overline{HOLD}$ )	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$

Notes: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested

#### Table 1-2.DC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = +1.8V$  to +5.5V,  $V_{CC} = +1.8V$  to +5.5V(unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply Voltage		1.8		5.5	V	
V <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply Voltage			2.5		5.5	V
V <sub>CC3</sub>	Supply Voltage			4.5		5.5	V
I <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ at 20MHz,	SO = Open, Read		9.0	10.0	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 5.0V \text{ at } 10MHz,$	SO = Open, Read, Write		5.0	7.0	mA
I <sub>CC3</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V at 1MHz, S	0 = Open, Read, Write		2.2	3.5	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Standby Current	$V_{CC} = 1.8V, \overline{CS} = V_{CC}$		0.2	3.0	μA	
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Standby Current	$V_{CC} = 2.5V, \overline{CS} = V_{CC}$		0.5	3.0	μA	
I <sub>SB3</sub>	Standby Current	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, \overline{CS} = V_{CC}$		2.0	5.0	μA	
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to $V_{CC}$	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to $V_{CC}$			3.0	μA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Leakage	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to $V_{CC}$ , $T_{AC} =$	0°C to 70°C	-3.0		3.0	μA
V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Input Low-voltage			-1.0		V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.3	V
V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Input High-voltage					V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>OL1</sub>	Output Low-voltage		I <sub>OL</sub> = 3.0mA			0.4	V
V <sub>OH1</sub>	Output High-voltage	$3.6V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.6mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.8			V
V <sub>OL2</sub>	Output Low-voltage		I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.15mA			0.2	V
V <sub>OH2</sub>	Output High-voltage	$1.8V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100μA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			V

Notes: 1.  $V_{\rm IL}$  min and  $V_{\rm IH}$  max are reference only and are not tested





#### Table 1-3.AC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = As$  Specified, CL = 1 TTL Gate and 30pF (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Voltage	Min	Max	Units
f <sub>scк</sub>	SCK Clock Frequency	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	0 0 0	20 10 5	MHz
t <sub>RI</sub>	Input Rise Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5		2 2 2	μs
t <sub>FI</sub>	Input Fall Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5		2 2 2	μs
t <sub>wH</sub>	SCK High Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	20 40 80		ns
t <sub>wL</sub>	SCK Low Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	20 40 80		ns
t <sub>cs</sub>	CS High Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	100 100 200		ns
t <sub>css</sub>	CS Setup Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	100 100 200		ns
t <sub>csH</sub>	CS Hold Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	100 100 200		ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Data In Setup Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	5 10 20		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data In Hold Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	5 10 20		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	HOLD Setup Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	5 10 20		ns
t <sub>CD</sub>	HOLD Hold Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	5 10 20		ns
t <sub>v</sub>	Output Valid	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	0 0 0	20 40 80	ns
t <sub>HO</sub>	Output Hold Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	0 0 0		ns

#### Table 1-3. AC Characteristics (Continued)

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = As$  Specified, CL = 1 TTL Gate and 30pF (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Voltage	Min	Max	Units
t <sub>LZ</sub>	HOLD to Output Low Z	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5	0 0 0	25 50 100	ns
t <sub>HZ</sub>	HOLD to Output High Z	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5		25 50 100	ns
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5		25 50 100	ns
t <sub>wc</sub>	Write Cycle Time	4.5–5.5 2.5–5.5 1.8–5.5		5 5 5	ms
Endurance <sup>(1)</sup>	3.3V, 25°C, Page Mode		1M		Write Cycles

Notes: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested. Contact Atmel for further information

## 2. Serial Interface Description

MASTER: The device that generates the serial clock.

**SLAVE:** Because the serial clock pin (SCK) is always an input, the Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT25128B/256B always operates as a slave.

**TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER:** The AT25128B/256B has separate pins designated for data transmission (SO) and reception (SI).

MSB: The Most Significant Bit (MSB) is the first bit transmitted and received.

**SERIAL-OP CODE:** After the device is selected with  $\overline{CS}$  going low, the first byte will be received. This byte contains the op-code that defines the operations to be performed.

**INVALID OP-CODE:** If an invalid op-code is received, no data will be shifted into the AT25128B/256B, and the serial output pin (SO) will remain in a high impedance state until the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$  is detected again. This will reinitialize the serial communication.

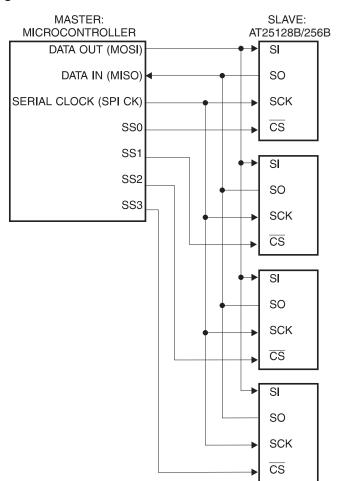
**CHIP SELECT:** The AT25128B/256B is selected when the  $\overline{CS}$  pin is low. When the device is not selected, data will not be accepted via the SI pin, and the serial output pin (SO) will remain in a high impedance state.

**HOLD:** The HOLD pin is used in conjunction with the CS pin to select the AT25128B/256B. When the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, HOLD can be used to pause the serial communication with the master device without resetting the serial sequence. To pause, the HOLD pin must be brought low while the SCK pin is low. To resume serial communication, the HOLD pin is brought high while the SCK pin is low (SCK may still toggle during HOLD). Inputs to the SI pin will be ignored while the SO pin is in the high impedance state.





**WRITE PROTECT:** The write protect pin ( $\overline{WP}$ ) will allow normal read/write operations when held high. When the  $\overline{WP}$  pin is brought low and WPEN bit is "1", all write operations to the status register are inhibited.  $\overline{WP}$  going low while  $\overline{CS}$  is still low will interrupt a write to the status register. If the internal write cycle has already been initiated,  $\overline{WP}$  going low will have no effect on any write operation to the status register. The  $\overline{WP}$  pin function is blocked when the WPEN bit in the status register is "0". This will allow the user to install the Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT25128B/256B in a system with the  $\overline{WP}$  pin tied to ground and still be able to write to the status register. All  $\overline{WP}$  pin functions are enabled when the WPEN bit is set to "1".



#### Figure 2-1. SPI Serial Interface

## 3. Functional Description

The Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT25128B/256B is designed to interface directly with the synchronous serial peripheral interface (SPI) of the 6800 type series of microcontrollers.

The AT25128B/256B utilizes an 8-bit instruction register. The list of instructions and their operation codes are contained in Table 3-1. All instructions, addresses, and data are transferred with the MSB first and start with a high-tolow  $\overline{CS}$  transition.

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Operation
WREN	0000 X110	Set Write Enable Latch
WRDI	0000 X100	Reset Write Enable Register
RDSR	0000 X101	Read Status Register
WRSR	0000 X001	Write Status Register
READ	0000 X011	Read Data from Memory Array
WRITE	0000 X 010	Write Data to Memory Array

 Table 3-1.
 Instruction Set for Atmel AT25128B/256B

**WRITE ENABLE (WREN):** The device will power-up in the write disable state when V<sub>CC</sub> is applied. All programming instructions must therefore be preceded by a Write Enable instruction.

**WRITE DISABLE (WRDI):** To protect the device against inadvertent writes, the Write Disable instruction disables all programming modes. The WRDI instruction is independent of the status of the WP pin.

**READ STATUS REGISTER (RDSR):** The Read Status Register instruction provides access to the status register. The Ready/Busy and Write Enable status of the device can be determined by the RDSR instruction. Similarly, the Block Write Protection bits indicate the extent of protection employed. These bits are set by using the WRSR instruction.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
WPEN	Х	Х	Х	BP1	BP0	WEN	RDY

**Table 3-2.**Status Register Format

Bit	Definition	
Bit 0 (RDY)	Bit $0 = "0"$ (RDY) indicates the device is ready Bit $0 = "1"$ indicates the write cycle is in progress	
Bit 1 (WEN)	Bit 1 = 0 indicates the device is not write enabled Bit 1 = "1" indicates the device is write enabled	
Bit 2 (BP0)	See Table 3-4 on page 8	
Bit 3 (BP1)	See Table 3-4 on page 8	
Bits 4 – 6 are 0s when device	e is not an internal write cycle	
Bit 7 (WPEN)	See Table 3-5 on page 8	
Bits 0 – 7 are "1"s during an	internal write cycle	

 Table 3-3.
 Read Status Register Bit Definition





**WRITE STATUS REGISTER (WRSR):** The WRSR instruction allows the user to select one of four levels of protection. The Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT25128B/256B is divided into four array segments. Top quarter (1/4), top half (1/2), or all of the memory segments can be protected. Any of the data within any selected segment will therefore be read only. The block write protection levels and corresponding status register control bits are shown in Table 3-4.

The three bits, BP0, BP1, and WPEN are nonvolatile cells that have the same properties and functions as the regular memory cells (e.g. WREN,  $t_{WC}$ , RDSR)

Level	Status Re	gister Bits	Array Addresses Protected		
	BP1	BP0	Atmel AT25128B	Atmel AT25256B	
0	0	0	None	None	
1 (1/4)	0	1	3000 – 3FFF	6000 – 7FFF	
2 (1/2)	1	0	2000 – 3FFF	4000 – 7FFF	
3 (All)	1	1	0000 – 3FFF	0000 – 7FFF	

Table 3-4.Block Write Protect Bits.

The WRSR instruction also allows the user to enable or disable the write protect ( $\overline{WP}$ ) pin through the use of the write protect enable (WPEN) bit. Hardware write protection is enabled when the  $\overline{WP}$  pin is low and the WPEN bit is "1". Hardware write protection is disabled when either the  $\overline{WP}$  pin is high or the WPEN bit is "0". When the device is hardware write protected, writes to the Status Register, including the Block Protect bits and the WPEN bit, and the blockprotected sections in the memory array are disabled. Writes are only allowed to sections of the memory which are not block-protected.

Note: When the WPEN bit is hardware write protected, it cannot be changed back to "0", as long as the WP pin is held low

WPEN	WP	WEN	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	Status Register
0	Х	0	Protected	Protected	Protected
0	Х	1	Protected	Writable	Writable
1	Low	0	Protected	Protected	Protected
1	Low	1	Protected	Writable	Protected
Х	High	0	Protected	Protected	Protected
Х	High	1	Protected	Writable	Writable

Table 3-5.WPEN Operation

**READ SEQUENCE (READ):** Reading the AT25128B/256B via the SO pin requires the following sequence. After the  $\overline{CS}$  line is pulled low to select a device, the Read op-code is transmitted via the SI line followed by the byte address to be read (Table 3-6). Upon completion, any data on the SI line will be ignored. The data (D7 - D0) at the specified address is then shifted out onto the SO line. If only one byte is to be read, the  $\overline{CS}$  line should be driven high after the data comes out. The read sequence can be continued since the byte address is automatically incremented and data will continue to be shifted out. When the highest address is reached, the address counter will roll over to the lowest address allowing the entire memory to be read in one continuous read cycle.

WRITE SEQUENCE (WRITE): In order to program the Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT25128B/256B, two separate instructions must be executed. First, the device must be write enabled via the Write Enable (WREN) Instruction. Then a Write instruction may be executed. Also, the address of the memory location(s) to be programmed must be outside the protected address field location selected by the Block Write Protection Level. During an internal write cycle, all commands will be ignored except the RDSR instruction.

A Write Instruction requires the following sequence. After the  $\overline{CS}$  line is pulled low to select the device, the Write op-code is transmitted via the SI line followed by the byte address and the data (D7 - D0) to be programmed (see Table 3-6 for the address key). Programming will start after the  $\overline{CS}$  pin is brought high. (The Low-to-High transition of the  $\overline{CS}$  pin must occur during the SCK low time immediately after clocking in the D0 (LSB) data bit.

The Ready/Busy status of the device can be determined by initiating a Read Status Register (RDSR) Instruction. If Bit 0 = 1, the Write cycle is still in progress. If Bit 0 = 0, the Write cycle has ended. Only the Read Status Register instruction is enabled during the Write programming cycle.

The AT25128B/256B is capable of a 64-byte Page Write operation. After each byte of data is received, the six low order address bits are internally incremented by one; the high order bits of the address will remain constant. If more than 64 bytes of data are transmitted, the address counter will roll over and the previously written data will be overwritten. The AT25128B/256B is automatically returned to the write disable state at the completion of a Write cycle.

Note: If the device is not write enabled (WREN), the device will ignore the Write instruction and will return to the standby state, when  $\overline{CS}$  is brought high. A new  $\overline{CS}$  falling edge is required to re-initiate the serial communication.

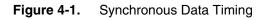
Address	Atmel AT25128B	Atmel AT25256B
A <sub>N</sub>	A <sub>13</sub> – A <sub>0</sub>	$A_{14} - A_0$
Don't Care Bits	$A_{15} - A_{14}$	A <sub>15</sub>

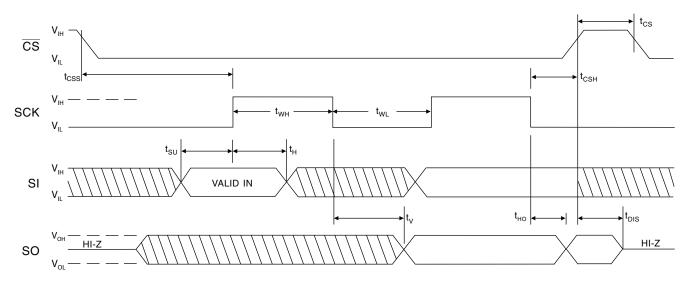
Table 3-6.Address Key

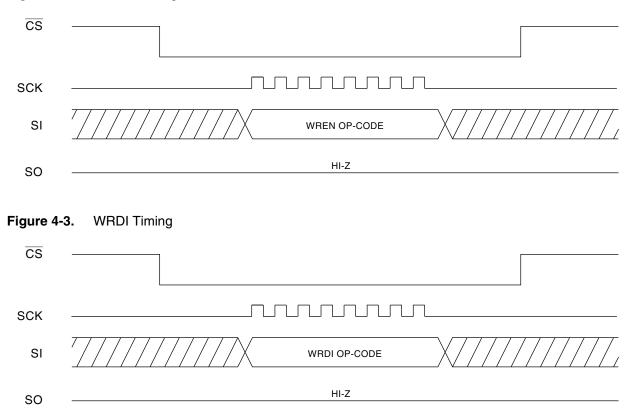




# 4. Timing Diagram (for SPI Mode 0 (0,0)

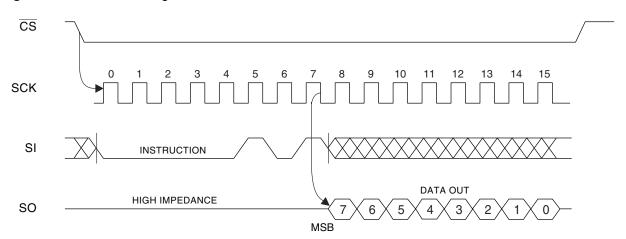


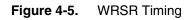


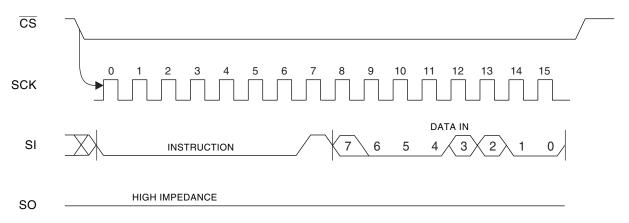


#### Figure 4-2. WREN Timing

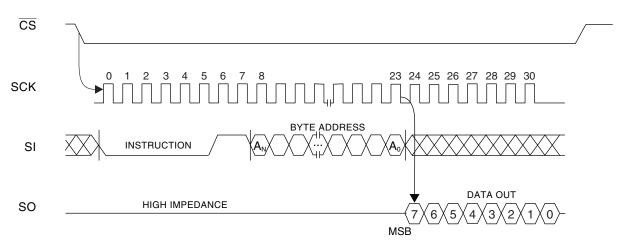








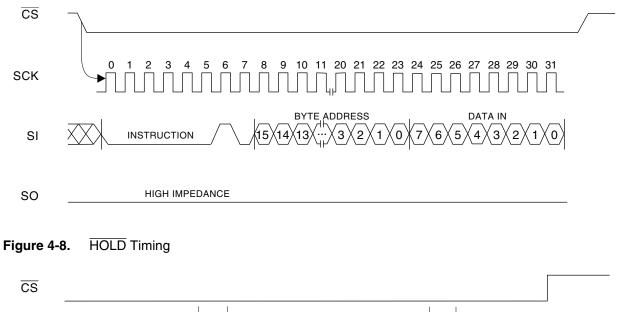


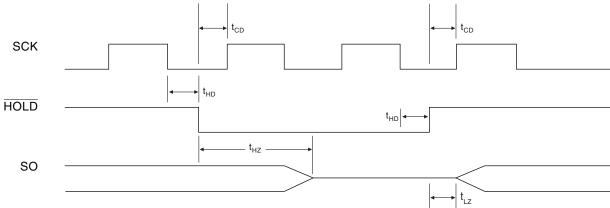




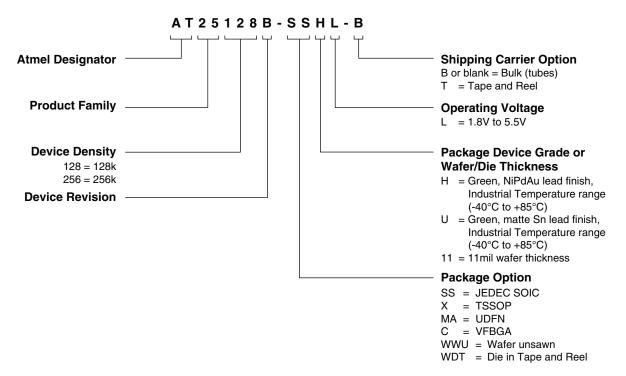


#### Figure 4-7. WRITE Timing





### 5. Ordering Code Detail







## 6. Part Markings

### Atmel AT25128B-SSHL

Seal Year Top Mark | Seal Week |---|---|---|---| A T M L H Y W W |---|---|---|---| 5 D B Q  $\mathbf{L}$ |---|---|---|---| \* LOT NUMBER |---|---|---|---| PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)

@ = Country of	Ass′y			
Y = SEAL YEAR		WW =	SEAL	WEEK
6:2006 0:	2010	02 =	Week	2
7:2007 1:	2011	04 =	Week	4
8:2008 2:	2012	::::	::::	:
9:2009 3:	2013	::::	::::	::
		50 =	Week	50
		52 =	Week	52

#### Atmel AT25128B-XHL



PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)	@ = Country of Ass'y	
	Y = SEAL YEAR	WW = SEAL WEEK
*	8:2008 2:2012	02 = Week 2
A T H Y W W	9:2009 3:2013	04 = Week 4
	0:2010 4:2014	:: : :::: :
5 D B L @	1:2011 5:2015	:: : :::: ::
		52 = Week 52
ATMEL LOT NUMBER		

#### Atmel AT25128B-MAHL

Top Mark	
	Y = YEAR OF ASSEMBLY
5 D B	0 = Country of Ass'y
	XX= ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND
H L @	WITH TRACE CODE LOG BOOK.
	(e.g. $XX = AA$ , $AB$ , $AC$ , $AX$ , $AY$ , $AZ$ )
Y X X	Y = SEAL YEAR
	6:2006 0:2010
*	7:2007 1:2011
	8:2008 2:2012
PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)	9:2009 3:2013

## Atmel AT25128B-CUL

Top Mark		
	B = Country of Origin	
5 D B U	Y = One Digit Year Code	
	M = One Digit Month Code	
в у м х х	XX= TRACE CODE (ATMEL LOT NUN	ABER TO
	COORESPOND WITH TRACE COI	DE LOG BOOK)
* < PIN 1 INDICATOR	(e.g. $XX = AA$ , $AB$ , $AC$ ,	. YZ, ZZ)
	Y = ONE DIGIT YEAR CODE	M = SEAL MONTH
	4:2004 7:2007	(USE ALPHA DESIGNATOR A-L)
	5:2005 8:2008	A = JANUARY
	6:2006 9:2009	B = FEBRUARY
		J = OCTOBER
		K = NOVEMBER
		L = DECEMBER

#### Atmel AT25256B-SSHL

Top Mark	Seal Year				
	Seal Week	@ = Country o	of Ass'y		
		Y = SEAL YEAR	R	WW = SEX	AL WEEK
		6:2006	0: 2010	02 = Wee	ek 2
A T M L H	Y W W	7:2007	1: 2011	04 = Wee	ek 4
		8:2008 2	2: 2012	:: : ::	:: :
5 E B L	G	9:2009	3: 2013	:: : ::	:: :
				50 = Wee	ek 50
* LOT NUMBER				52 = Wee	ek 52
PIN 1 INDICATOR (DO	т)				

#### Atmel AT25256B-XHL

```
Top Mark
                                @ = Country of Ass'y
  PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)
                                Y = SEAL YEAR
                                                   WW = SEAL WEEK
    02 = Week 2
    * |----|----|----|
                               8:2008 2:2012
                               9: 20093: 20130: 20104: 20141: 20115: 2015
      A T H Y W W
                                                   04 = Week 4
     |---|---|---|
                                                   :: : :::: :
       5 E B L
                      Q
                                                    :: : :::: ::
  |---|---|---|---|
                                                    52 = Week 52
    ATMEL LOT NUMBER
  |---|---|---|---|
```





### Atmel AT25256B-MAHL

Top Mark	
	Y = YEAR OF ASSEMBLY
5 E B	0 = Country of Ass'y
	XX= ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND
H L @	WITH TRACE CODE LOG BOOK.
	(e.g. $XX = AA$ , $AB$ , $AC$ , $AX$ , $AY$ , $AZ$ )
Y X X	Y = SEAL YEAR
	6:2006 0:2010
*	7:2007 1:2011
	8:2008 2:2012
PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)	9:2009 3:2013

#### Atmel AT25256B-CUL

Top Mark		
	B = Country of Origin	
5 E B U	Y = One Digit Year Code	
	M = One Digit Month Code	
в у м х х	XX= TRACE CODE (ATMEL LOT N	IUMBER TO
	COORESPOND WITH TRACE C	CODE LOG BOOK)
* < PIN 1 INDICATOR	(e.g. $XX = AA$ , $AB$ , $AC$ ,.	YZ, ZZ)
	· · · · ·	
	Y = ONE DIGIT YEAR CODE	M = SEAL MONTH
	4:2004 7:2007	(USE ALPHA DESIGNATOR A-L)
	5:2005 8:2008	A = JANUARY
	6:2006 9:2009	B = FEBRUARY
		J = OCTOBER
		K = NOVEMBER
		L = DECEMBER

# Atmel AT25128B/256B

## 7. Ordering Codes

## Atmel AT25128B Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Voltage Range	Package	Operation Range
AT25128B-SSHL-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8S1	
AT25128B-SSHL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8S1	
AT25128B-XHL-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8A2	Lead-free/Halogen-free/
AT25128B-XHL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8A2	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)
AT25128B-MAHL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8MA2	( +0 0 10 00 0)
AT25128B-CUL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (SnAgCu Ball Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8U2-1	
AT25128B-WWU11L <sup>(3)</sup>	1.8V to 5.5V	Die Sale	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)

Notes: 1. Bulk delivery in tubes (SOIC and TSSOP 100/tube)

2. Tape and reel delivery (SOIC 4k/reel. TSSOP, UDFN and VFBGA 5k/reel)

3. Contact Atmel Sales for Wafer sales

Package Type		
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (JEDEC SOIC)	
8A2	8-lead, 0.170" Wide, Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)	
8MA2	8-lead, 2.00mm x 3.00mm Body, 0.50 mm Pitch, Dual No Lead Package (UDFN)	
8U2-1	8-ball, die Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)	





## Atmel AT25256B Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Voltage Range	Package	Operation Range
AT25256B-SSHL-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8S1	
AT25256B-SSHL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8S1	
AT25256B-XHL-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8A2	Lead-free/Halogen-free/
AT25256B-XHL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8A2	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)
AT25256B-MAHL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8MA2	( +0 0 10 00 0)
AT25256B-CUL-T <sup>(2)</sup> (SnAgCu Ball Finish)	1.8V to 5.5V	8U2-1	
AT25256B-WWU11L <sup>(3)</sup>	1.8V to 5.5V	Die Sale	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)

Notes: 1. Bulk delivery in tubes (SOIC and TSSOP 100/tube)

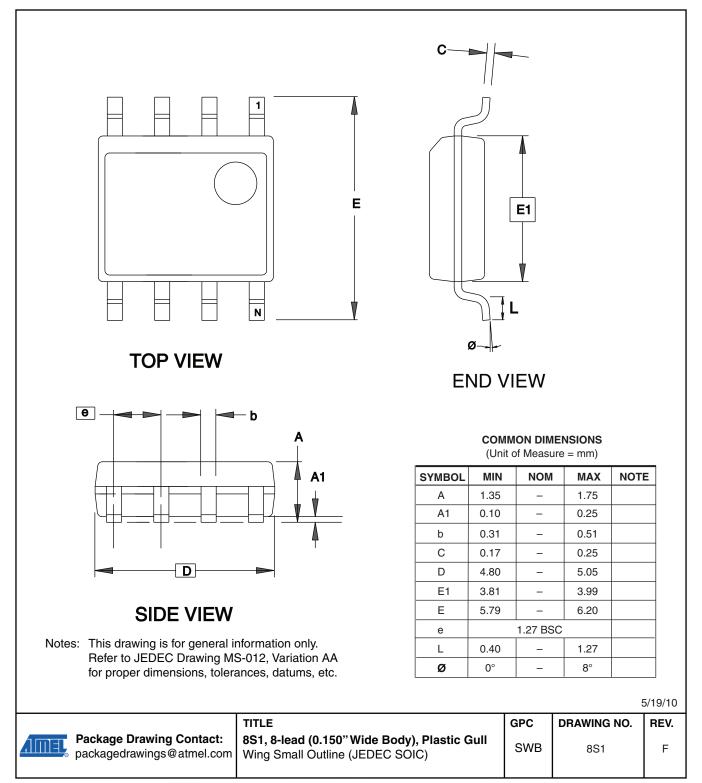
2. Tape and reel delivery (SOIC 4k/reel. TSSOP, UDFN and VFBGA 5k/reel)

3. Contact Atmel Sales for Wafer sales

Package Type		
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (JEDEC SOIC)	
8A2	8-lead, 0.170" Wide, Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)	
8MA2	8-lead, 2.00mm x 3.00mm Body, 0.50 mm Pitch, Dual No Lead Package (UDFN)	
8U2-1	8-ball, die Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)	

## 8. Packaging Information

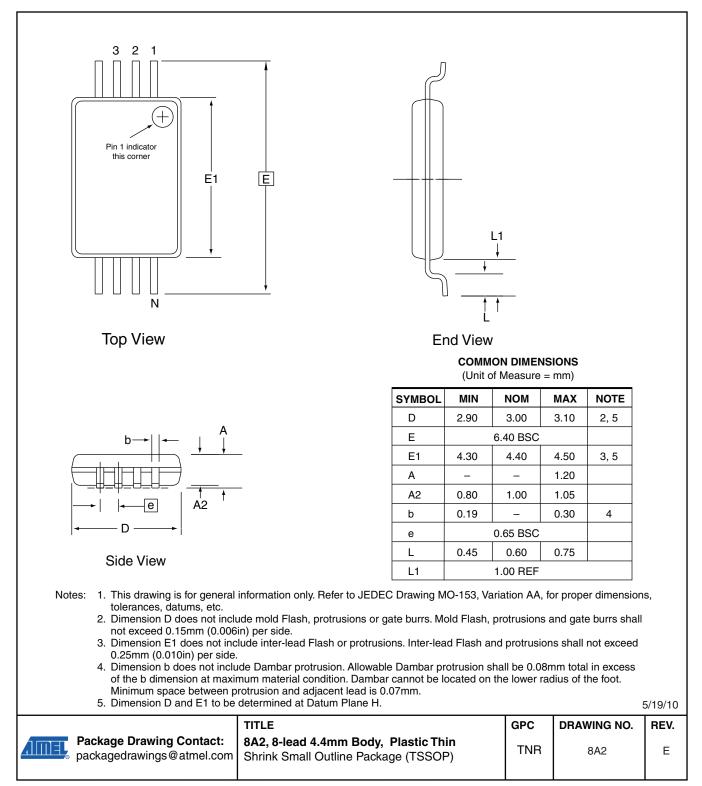
### 8S1 – JEDEC SOIC



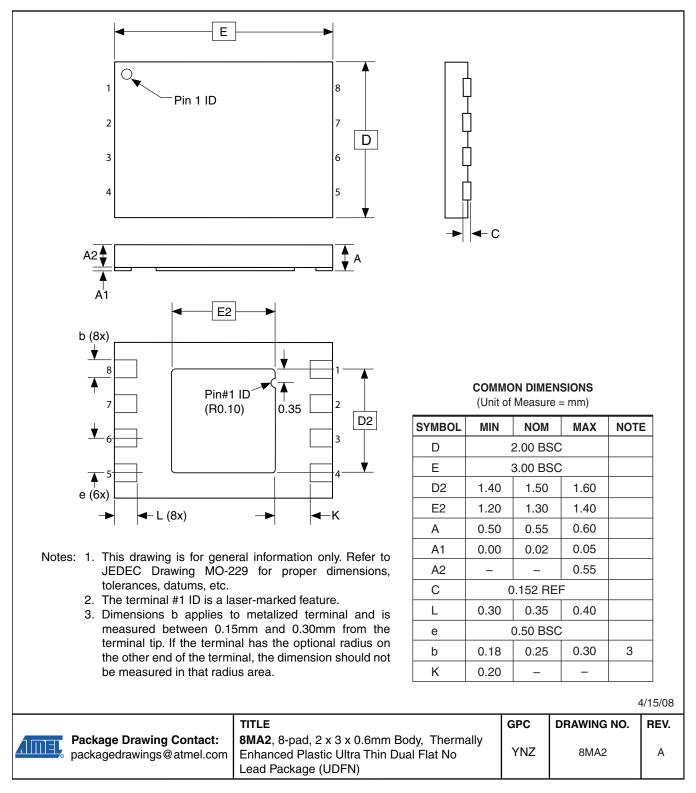




#### 8A2 – TSSOP



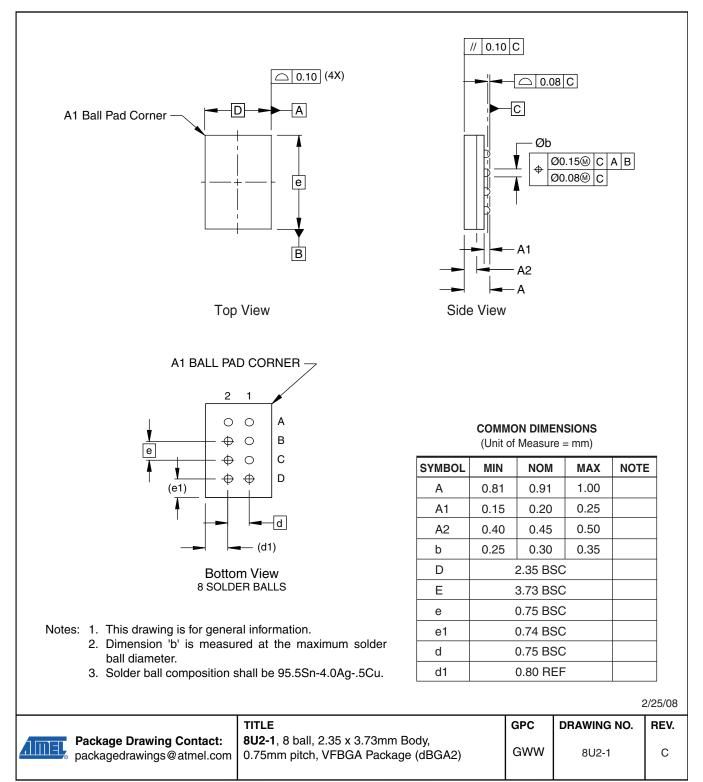
8MA2 - UDFN







#### 8U2-1 - VFBGA



# 9. Revision History

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
8698C	08/2011	Update 8A2 and 8S1 package drawings Correct page 13, Device Density from 156K to 256K Correct page 9, table headings Correct cross references on pages 7, 8, and 9
8698B	03/2010	Update Catalog Numbering Scheme Update Ordering Information and package types
8698A	12/2009	Initial document release





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