

# MIC10937

### V. F. Alphanumeric Display Controller

### **General Description**

The MIC10937 Alphanumeric Display Controllers is a MOS/ LSI general purpose display controllers designed to interface to segmented displays (vacuum fluorescent or LED).

The MIC10937 will drive displays with up to 16 characters with 14 or 16 segments. Segment decoding within each device provides for the ASCII character set (upper case only). No external driver circuitry is required for displays that operate on 20mA of drive current up to 50V. A  $16 \times 64$ -bit segment decoder provides internal ASCII character set decoding for the display.

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### Features

- 16-character display with decimal point and comma tail
- 14 or 16-segment drivers
- Up to 66kHz data rate
- Direct digit drive and 20mA at 50V
- Supports vacuum fluorescent or LED displays
- 64 × 16-bit PLA provides segment decoding for ASCII character set (all caps only)
- · Serial data input for 8-bit display and control data words
- 40-pin DIP or 44-pin PLCC

## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Drive	Temp. Range	Package
MIC10937J-40	40V	0°C to +70°C	44-pin PLCC
MIC10937P-40/ MIC10937P-50 <sup>†</sup>	50V	0°C to +70°C	40-pin P-DIP
MIC10937PE-40/ MIC10937PE-50 <sup>†</sup>		–40°C to +85°C	40-pin P-DIP

<sup>†</sup> Dual-marked devices replace both 40V and 50V versions



### **Block Diagram**

### INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

Pin Functions						
Signal Name	Pin No.	Function				
VSS	1	Power and signal reference				
AD16-AD1	2-17	Digits 16 through 1 driver outputs				
VDD	18	DC power connection				
Α	19	A clock output used for testing				
POR	20	Power-on reset input				
DATA	21	Serial data input				
SCLK	22	Serial data clock input				
SGA-SGP	23-38	Segments A through P driver outputs				
TAIL	39	Comma tail driver output				
PNT	40	Decimal point driver output				

### SPECIFICATIONS MAXIMUM RATINGS\*

All voltages are specified relative to V<sub>SS</sub>.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	+0.3	- 20	V
Input Voltage	VIN	+0.3	- 20	l v
Output Voltage	VOUT	+ 0.3	- 50	V
Operating Current	IDD		7	mA
Output Current Digits	I <sub>SD</sub>		20	mA
Output Current Segments	Iss		10	mA
Operating Temperature				
Commercial	T <sub>C</sub>	0	+ 70	°C
Industrial	T <sub>1</sub>	- 40	+ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	- 55	+ 125	°C
Input Capacitance	CIN		5	pF
Output Capacitance	COUT		10	pF

#### **DC CHARACTERISTICS**



vss 🖂	1	40 === PNT
AD16 🗔	2	39 🗁 TAIL
AD15 🗔	3	38 🗁 SGP
AD14 🗔	4	37 🗁 SGO
AD13 🗔	5	36 🗁 SGN
AD12 🗔	6	35 🗔 SGM
AD11 🗔	7	34 🗁 SGL
AD10 🗔	8	33 🗔 SGK
AD9 🖂	9	32 🗔 SGJ
AD8 🗔	10	31 🗔 SGI
AD7 🗔	11	30 🗁 SGH
AD6 🗔	12	29 🗁 SGG
AD5 🗔	13	28 🖾 SGF
AD4 🖂	14	27 🗁 SGE
AD3 🗔	15	26 🗔 SGD
AD2 🗔	16	25 🗔 SGC
AD1 🗔	17	24 🗁 SGB
VDD 🚞	18	23 🗔 SGA
A 🗔	19	22 SCLK
POR 🗔	20	21 DATA

Pin Configuration

\*NOTE: Stresses above those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXI-MUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this document is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

	Lir	nits (V <sub>SS</sub> =	0)	Limits ( $V_{SS} = +5V$ )			T	
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Conditions	Ur
Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )	- 16.5	- 15.0	- 13.5	- 11.5	- 10.0	- 8.5		V
Power dissipation		40	100		40	100		m'
Input DATA, SCLK,								V
Logic "1"	-1.0		+ 0.3	+ 4.0		+ 5.3		v
Logic "0"	V <sub>DD</sub>		- 4.2	V <sub>DD</sub>		+ 0.8		
Input POR								
Logic "1"	- 3.0		+ 0.3	+ 2.0		+ 5.3		
Logic "0"	V <sub>DD</sub>		- 10.0	V <sub>DD</sub>		- 5.0		
Output Digit and								
Segment Strobes								
Driver On						1		
Commercial			- 1.5			+ 3.5		v
Industrial			- 1.7			+ 3.3	At 10 mA	V V
Driver Off 109X7-40			- 40			25	Actual value	Ι.
Driver Off 109X7-50			- 40 - 50			- 35	determined by	
Driver On 109X7-50			- 50			- 45	external circuit	
Output Leakage	Ť		10			10	Per driver when	لىر
Input Leakage			10			10	driver is off	μ

### **AC CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
SCLK Clock					
On Time	T <sub>on</sub>	1.0		20.0	μS
Off Time	T <sub>off</sub>	1.0			μS
Data Input Sample Time	0.1				p.e
Before SCLK Clock Off	T <sub>boff</sub>	200			ns
After SCLK Clock Off	Taoff	100			ns

# Alphanumeric Display Controller



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SCLK and Serial Data Timing



#### SCLK and Serial Data (Control Word) Examples



#### Data Word LSB/MSB Timing



#### **Power-On Reset Timing**

### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The 10937 or 10957 is a general purpose display controller for multiplexed, segmented displays with up to 16 character positions and 14 or 16 segments, plus decimal point and comma tail. No external drive circuitry is needed for displays requiring up to 20 ma of drive current up to 50 volts. All timing signals required to control the display are generated in the 10937 or 10957 device without any refresh input from the host processor.

Input data is loaded into the Display Data Buffer via the Serial Data Input (Data) channel. Internal timing and control blocks synchronize the segment and digit output signals to provide the proper timing for the multiplexing operation. A  $16 \times 64$ -bit PLA is provided for segment decoding for the full ASCII character set (upper case only).

Input data is loaded into the 10937 or 10957 ADC as a series of 8-bit words with the most significant bit (MSB), bit 7, first. If bit 7 of any word loaded is a logic 1 (this bit is referred to as the control bit C), the loaded word is a control data word. If the C bit of any word is a logic 0, the loaded word is a display data word. The following paragraphs describe the format and functions of these control and display data words.

### INPUT CONTROL DATA WORDS

When the C-Bit (bit 7) of the 8-bit input word is a logic 1, bits 5 and 6 are decoded into one of four control commands while data associated with the command are extracted from bits 0-4 (see Table 1). The four control codes perform the following display functions:

- · Load the Display Data Buffer pointer,
- Load the Digit Counter,
- Load the Duty Cycle register,
- Enable the Test Mode.

Table 1 lists the control codes and their functions.

#### **Buffer Pointer Control**

The Buffer Pointer Control code allows the Display Data Buffer pointer to be set to any digit position so that individual characters may be modified. The Buffer Pointer is loaded with a decimal equivalent value 2 less than the desired value (i.e., to point to the digit controlled by AD6 of the display, avalue of 4 is entered). See Table 2 for a complete list of the Buffer Pointer values.

## **Alphanumeric Display Controller**

#### Table 2. Buffer Pointer Control Codes

Hex Code	Pointer Value	Character Controlled By
A0	0	AD2
A1	1	AD3
A2	2	AD4
A3	3	AD5
A4	4	AD6
A5	5	AD7
A6	6	AD8
A7	7	AD9
A8	8	AD10
A9	9	AD11
AA	10	AD12
AB	11	AD13
AC	12	AD14
AD	13	AD15
AE	14	AD16
AF	15	AD1

#### **Digit Counter Control**

The Digit Counter Control code is normally used only during initialization routines to define the number of character positions to be controlled. This code maximizes the duty cycle for any display. If 16 characters are to be controlled, enter a value of 0 (zero). Otherwise, enter the value desired.

#### **Duty Cycle Control**

The Duty Cycle Control code is used to turn the display on and off, and to adjust display brightness. As shown in the block diagram, the time slot for each character is 32 clock cycles. The segment and digit drivers for each character are on for a maximum of 31 cycles with a 1 cycle inter-digit off-time. The Duty Cycle Control code contains a 5-bit numeric field which modifies the on-time for the driver outputs from 0 to 31 cycles. A duty cycle of 0 puts both the segment and digit drivers into the off state.

#### Test Mode Enable

The Test Mode Enable code is a device test function only. If executed, it will lock the device in the Test Mode. Once locked in, the device can only be removed from Test Mode by performing a power-on reset.

If this mode is activated, the digit time is reduced from 32 to 4 clock cycles to speed up the output driver sequencing time for ease in testing.

#### INPUT DISPLAY DATA WORDS

Display data words are loaded as 8-bit ASCII format codes. The 64 codes available (with the C-bit set to 0 to indicate a display data word) are shown in Table 3 with their corresponding ASCII characters.

#### Table 1. Control Data Words

8-Bi	t Control Word	
C-Bit (Bit 7)	7-Bit Code (Bits 6 – 0)	Function
1 1 1 1	010NNNN(1) 100NNNN(1) 11NNNNN(2) 00NNNNN(3)	BUFFER POINTER CONTROL (Position of character to be changed) DIGIT COUNTER CONTROL (Number of characters to be output) DUTY CYCLE CONTROL (On/off and brightness control) TEST MODE ENABLE (Not a user function)
<ul> <li>Notes: 1. NNNN is a 4-bit binary value representing the digit number to be loaded.</li> <li>2. NNNNN is a 5-bit binary value representing the number of clock cycles each digit is on.</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>This code is a device test function only. If exe- cuted it will lock the device in the test mode. Once locked in, the device can only be removed from Test Mode by performing a power-on reset.</li> </ol>

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Sixteen display data words must be entered to completely load the Display Data Buffer. The Buffer Pointer is automatically incremented before each data word is stored in the Display Buffer except for decimal point and comma words. These do not cause the Buffer Pointer to increment and thus are always associated with the previous character entered. To select the next character position to be loaded out of the normal sequence, use the Buffer Pointer Control command before entering the display data word. It is not necessary to use the Buffer Pointer Control command to cycle back to position 1 when less than 16 character positions are being used.



Figure 1. Display Scan Timing Diagram (Duty Cycle)

DATA WO	DRD	CHARACTER	DATA WO	ORD	CHARACTER	DATA W	ORD	CHARACTER	DATA W	ORD	CHARACTER
BINARY	HEX	CHARACTER	BINARY	HEX	CHARACTER	BINARY	HEX	CHARACTER	BINARY	HEX	CHARACTER
0X000000	00	Ø	0X010000	10	Р	0X100000	20		0X110000	30	0
0X000001	01	A	0X010001	11	Q	0X100001	21	1	0X110001	31	1
0X000010	02	В	0X010010	12	R	0X100010	22	• • •	0X110010	32	2
0X000011	03	С	0X010011	13	s	0X100011	23	#	0X110011	33	3
0X000100	04	D	0X010100	14	т	0X100100	24	\$	0X110100	34	4
0X000101	05	E	0X010101	15	U	0X100101	25	%	0X110101	35	5
0X000110	06	F	0X010110	16	v	0X100110	26	&	0X110110	36	6
0X000111	07	G	0X010111	17	w	0X100111	27		0X110111	37	7
0X001000	08	н	0X011000	18	X	0X101000	28	(	0X111000	38	8
0X001001	09		0X011001	19	Y	0X101001	29	i j	0X111001	39	9
0X001010	0A	J	0X011010	1A	Z	0X101010	2A	•	0X111010	3A	:
0X001011	0B	ĸ	0X011011	18	l I	0X101011	2B	+	0X111011	3B	;
0X001100	0C	L	0X011100	10	i i	0X101100	2C	7	0X111100	3C	<
0X001101	0D	М	0X011101	1D	1	0X101101	2D	_	0X111101	3D	=
0X001110	0E	N	0X011110	1E		0X101110	2E	•	0X111110	3E	>
0X001111	0F	0	0X011111	1F	-	0X101111	2F	\ \	0X111111	3F	?
Note: X me	ans this	s bit (bit 7) is a '	'don't care''	bit exce	pt for PNT and	TAIL on 1095	57 only.	The hex codes	shown assun	ne bit 7	is a zero.

Table 3. Character Assig	ments for Display Data Words
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## **Alphanumeric Display Controller**

### **POWER-ON RESET (POR)**

The Power-On Reset (POR) initializes the internal circuits of the 10937 or 10957 ADC when power ( $V_{DD}$ ) is applied. The following conditions are established after a Power-On Reset:

- a. The Digit Drivers (AD1-AD16) are in the off state (floating).
- b. The Segment Drivers (SGA-SGP) are in the off state
- (floating). This includes PNT and TAIL.
- c. The Duty Cycle is set to 0.
- d. The Digit Counter is set to 16 (a bit code value of 0).
- e. The Buffer Pointer points to the character controlled by AD1.

#### **DIGIT DRIVERS (AD1-AD16)**

The sixteen Digit Drivers (AD1 – AD16) are used to select each of the display digits sequentially during a refresh scan. Display segments will be illuminated when both the Digit Drivers and Segment Drivers for a particular character are energized simultaneously. The timing characteristics of both the digits and segments are shown in Figure 1. See POR for the Power-On Reset state of these drivers.

Table 4. Comparison of 10957 with 10937

Input Data	10937 Character	10957 Character
2C	• •	
2E	•	•
6C	9	•
6E		,

#### SEGMENT DRIVERS (SGA-SGP)

Sixteen (16) Segment Drivers are provided (SGA – SGP), plus the decimal point (PNT) and comma tail (TAIL). The segment outputs are internally decoded from the 8-bit characters in the Display Data Buffer by means of a 64  $\times$  16-bit PLA. The Segment Driver Allocations are shown in Figure 2. Data codes and their corresponding segment patterns are shown in Figure 3. Timing characteristics for the segment outputs are shown in Figure 1. See POR for the Power-On Reset state of these drivers.

#### NOTE

For 14-segment displays, SGA is used for the top segment and SGF is used for the bottom segment. SGB and SGE can be floated.

#### TYPICAL SYSTEM HOOK-UP

Figure 4 shows the 10937 or 10957 as it would be connected to a V-F display when driven by a host system.  $E_K$  is determined by the V-F display specifications and  $R_C$  is selected to provide proper biasing current for zeners. Pull down resistors  $R_A$  and  $R_G$  are determined by the interconnection capacitance between the device and the display.



Figure 2. Segment Driver Allocations

# **Alphanumeric Display Controller**



Figure 3. Display Segment Driver Character Patterns





10937 AND 10957 44-P	I PLCC PIN	ASSIGNMENTS
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Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	VSS (GND)	23	PO (VGST)
2	AD16	24	DATA
3	AD15	25	SCLK (BVDSS)
4	AD14	26	SGA
5	AD13	27	SGB
6	NC	28	SGC
7	NC	29	NC
8	AD12	30	SGD
9	AD11	31	SGE
10	AD10	32	SGF
11	AD09	33	SGG
12	AD08	34	SGH
13	AD07	35	SGI
14	AD06	36	SGJ
15	AD05	37	SGK
16	AD04	38	SGL
17	AD03	39	SGM
18	AD02	40	SGN
19	NC	41	SGO
20	AD01	42	SGP
21	VDD	43	TAIL
22	A	44	PNT

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