

**Features**

- **Fast Read Access Time - 80 ns**
- **Low Power CMOS Operation**  
 100  $\mu$ A max. Standby  
 25 mA max. Active at 5 MHz
- **Wide Selection of JEDEC Standard Packages**  
 32-Lead 600-mil PDIP and Cerdip  
 32-Pad PLCC and LCC  
 32-Lead 450-mil SOIC (SOP)  
 32-Lead TSOP
- **5 V  $\pm$  10% Supply**
- **High Reliability CMOS Technology**  
 2000 V ESD Protection  
 200 mA Latchup Immunity
- **Rapid Programming - 100  $\mu$ s/byte (typical)**
- **Two-line Control**
- **CMOS and TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs**
- **Integrated Product Identification Code**
- **Full Military, Industrial and Commercial Temperature Ranges**

**4 Megabit  
(512K x 8)  
UV  
Erasable  
CMOS  
EPROM**

**Description**

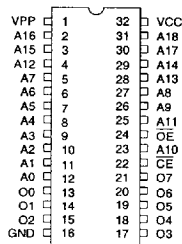
The AT27C040 chip is a low-power, high-performance 4,194,304 bit ultraviolet erasable and electrically programmable read only memory (EPROM) organized as 512K x 8 bits. The AT27C040 requires only one 5-V power supply in normal read mode operation. Any byte can be accessed in less than 80 ns, eliminating the need for speed reducing WAIT states on high-performance microprocessor systems.

Atmel's 0.7-micron scaled CMOS technology provides for significantly lower active power consumption than competing designs. Power consumption is typically 8 mA in active mode and less than 10  $\mu$ A in standby mode. (continued)

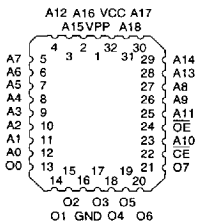
**Pin Configurations**

Pin Name	Function
A0-A18	Addresses
O0-O7	Outputs
CE	Chip Enable
OE	Output Enable

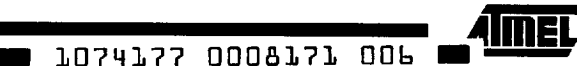
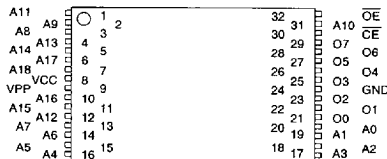
CDIP, PDIP, SOIC, Top View



LCC, PLCC Top View



TSOP Top View  
Type 1





## Description (Continued)

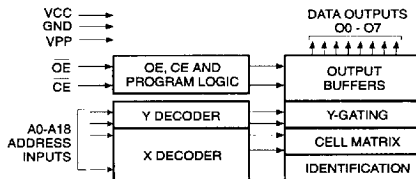
The AT27C040 comes in a choice of industry standard JEDEC-approved packages including: one-time programmable (OTP) plastic PDIP, PLCC, SOIC and TSOP, as well as windowed ceramic Cerdip and LCC. All devices feature two line control ( $\overline{CE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ ) to give designers the flexibility to avoid bus contention.

Atmel's AT27C040 has additional features to ensure high quality and efficient production use. The Rapid Programming Algorithm reduces the time required to program the part and guarantees reliable programming. Programming time is typically only 100  $\mu$ s/byte. The Integrated Product Identification Code electronically identifies the device and manufacturer. This feature is used by industry standard programming equipment to select the proper programming algorithms and voltages.

## Erase Characteristics

The entire memory array of the AT27C040 is erased (all outputs read as  $V_{OH}$ ) after exposure to ultraviolet light at a wavelength of 2537Å. Complete erasure is assured after a minimum of 20 minutes exposure using 12,000  $\mu$ W/cm<sup>2</sup> intensity lamps spaced one inch away from the chip. Minimum erase time for lamps at other intensity ratings can be calculated from the minimum integrated erasure dose of 15 W·sec/cm<sup>2</sup>. To prevent unintentional erasure, an opaque label is recommended to cover the clear window on any UV erasable EPROM which will be subjected to continuous fluorescent indoor lighting or sunlight.

## Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Temperature Under Bias .....	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature .....	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground .....	-2.0 V to +7.0 V <sup>(1)</sup>
Voltage on A9 with Respect to Ground .....	-2.0 V to +14.0 V <sup>(1)</sup>
V <sub>PP</sub> Supply Voltage with Respect to Ground .....	-2.0 V to +14.0 V <sup>(1)</sup>
Integrated UV Erase Dose .....	7258 W·sec/cm <sup>2</sup>

\*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### Notes:

1. Minimum voltage is -0.6 V dc which may undershoot to -2.0 V for pulses of less than 20 ns. Maximum output pin voltage is  $V_{CC} + 0.75$  V dc which may overshoot to +7.0 V for pulses of less than 20 ns.

## Operating Modes

Mode \ Pin	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{OE}$	Ai	V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Outputs
Read	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	Ai	X <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub>	DOUT
Output Disable	X	V <sub>IH</sub>	X	X	V <sub>CC</sub>	High Z
Standby	V <sub>IH</sub>	X	X	X	V <sub>CC</sub>	High Z
Rapid Program <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	Ai	V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	D <sub>IN</sub>
PGM Verify	X	V <sub>IL</sub>	Ai	V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	DOUT
PGM Inhibit	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	X	V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	High Z
Product Identification <sup>(4)</sup>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	A9=V <sub>H</sub> <sup>(3)</sup> A0=V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> A1-A18=V <sub>IL</sub>	X	V <sub>CC</sub>	Identification Code

1. X can be V<sub>IL</sub> or V<sub>IH</sub>.
2. Refer to Programming characteristics.
3. V<sub>H</sub> = 12.0 ± 0.5 V.

4. Two identifier bytes may be selected. All Ai inputs are held low (V<sub>IL</sub>), except A9 which is set to V<sub>H</sub> and A0 which is toggled low (V<sub>IL</sub>) to select the Manufacturer's Identification byte and high (V<sub>IH</sub>) to select the Device Code byte.

## D.C. and A.C. Operating Conditions for Read Operation

		AT27C040				
		-80	-10	-12	-15	-20
Operating Temperature (Case)	Com.	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C
	Ind.	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C
	Mil.			-55°C - 125°C	-55°C - 125°C	-55°C - 125°C
V <sub>CC</sub> Power Supply		5 V ± 10%	5 V ± 10%	5 V ± 10%	5 V ± 10%	5 V ± 10%

[Shaded Box] = Advance Information

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## D.C. and Operating Characteristics for Read Operation

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Units
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Load Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>	Com., Ind.	±1	μA
			Mil.	±5	μA
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>	Com., Ind.	±5	μA
			Mil.	±10	μA
I <sub>PP1</sub> (2)	V <sub>PP</sub> (1) Read/Standby Current	V <sub>PP</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		10	μA
I <sub>SB</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> (1) Standby Current	I <sub>SB1</sub> (CMOS), $\overline{CE} = V_{CC} \pm 0.3$ V		100	μA
		I <sub>SB2</sub> (TTL), $\overline{CE} = 2.0$ to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5 V		1	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Active Current	f = 5 MHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$	Com.	25	mA
			Ind., Mil.	30	mA
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage		-0.6	0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA		.45	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.5 mA	3.5		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA	2.4		V

Notes: 1. V<sub>CC</sub> must be applied simultaneously or before V<sub>PP</sub>, and removed simultaneously or after V<sub>PP</sub>.

2. V<sub>PP</sub> may be connected directly to V<sub>CC</sub>, except during programming. The supply current would then be the sum of I<sub>CC</sub> and I<sub>PP</sub>.

## A.C. Characteristics for Read Operation

			AT27C040											
			-80		-10		-12		-15		-20		Units	
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t <sub>ACC</sub> (3)	Address to Output Delay	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	Com., Ind.		80		100		120		150		200	ns
			Mil.						120		150		200	ns
t <sub>CE</sub> (2)	$\overline{CE}$ to Output Delay	$\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	80		100		120		150		200		ns	
t <sub>OE</sub> (2,3)	$\overline{OE}$ to Output Delay	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$	35		35		35		40		60		ns	
t <sub>DF</sub> (4,5)	$\overline{OE}$ or $\overline{CE}$ High to Output Float		30		30		30		30		40		ns	
t <sub>OH</sub>	Output Hold from Address, $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{OE}$ , whichever occurred first		0		0		0		0		0		ns	

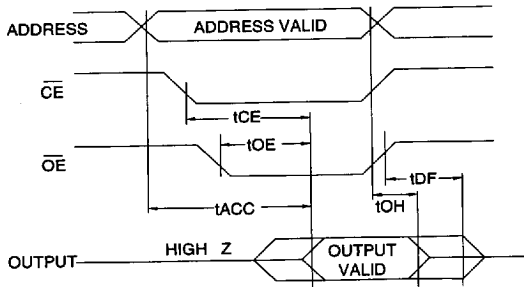
Notes: 2, 3, 4, 5. - see AC Waveforms for Read Operation.

[Shaded Box] = Advance Information



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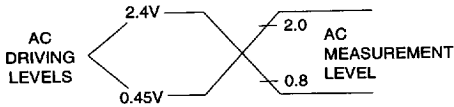
## A.C. Waveforms for Read Operation <sup>(1)</sup>



### Notes:

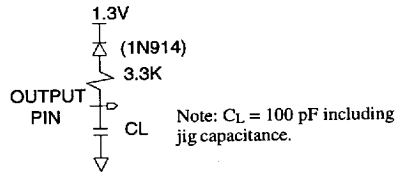
1. Timing measurement references are 0.8 V and 2.0 V. Input AC driving levels are 0.45 V and 2.4 V, unless otherwise specified.
2.  $\overline{OE}$  may be delayed up to  $t_{CE-tOE}$  after the falling edge of  $\overline{CE}$  without impact on  $t_{CE}$ .
3.  $\overline{OE}$  may be delayed up to  $t_{ACC-tOE}$  after the address is valid without impact on  $t_{ACC}$ .
4. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.
5. Output float is defined as the point when data is no longer driven.

## Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Levels



$t_R, t_F < 20$  ns (10% to 90%)

## Output Test Load



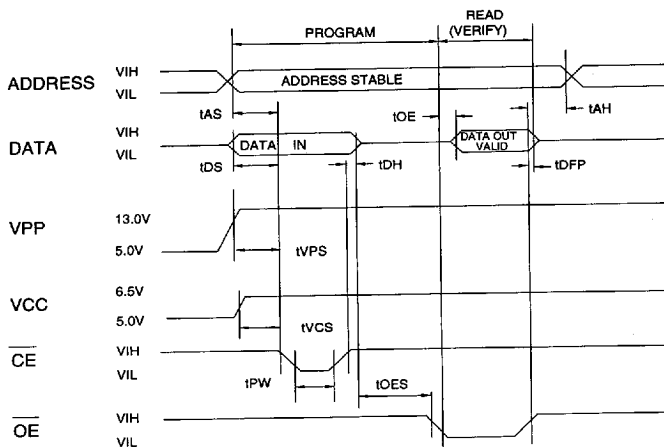
Note:  $C_L = 100$  pF including jig capacitance.

## Pin Capacitance ( $f = 1$ MHz, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>

	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$C_{IN}$	4	8	pF	$V_{IN} = 0$ V
$C_{OUT}$	8	12	pF	$V_{OUT} = 0$ V

Notes: 1. Typical values for nominal supply voltage. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.

## Programming Waveforms <sup>(1)</sup>



### Notes:

1. The Input Timing Reference is 0.8 V for  $V_{IL}$  and 2.0 V for  $V_{IH}$ .
2.  $t_{OE}$  and  $t_{DFP}$  are characteristics of the device but must be accommodated by the programmer.
3. When programming the AT27C040 a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor is required across  $V_{PP}$  and ground to suppress spurious voltage transients.

## D.C. Programming Characteristics

$T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 6.5 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{PP} = 13.0 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$

Sym- bol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Limits		Units
			Min	Max	
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Load Current	$V_{IN}=V_{IL}, V_{IH}$	10		$\mu\text{A}$
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Level	(All Inputs)	-0.6	0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Level		2.0	$V_{CC}+7$	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Volt.	$I_{OL}=2.1\text{ mA}$	.45		V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Volt.	$I_{OH}=-400\ \mu\text{A}$	2.4		V
I <sub>CC2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current (Program and Verify)		40		mA
I <sub>PP2</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> Supply Current	$\overline{\text{CE}}=V_{IL}$	20		mA
V <sub>ID</sub>	A9 Product Identification Voltage		11.5	12.5	V

## A.C. Programming Characteristics

$T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 6.5 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{PP} = 13.0 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$

Sym- bol	Parameter	Test Conditions* (see Note 1)	Limits		Units
			Min	Max	
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time		2		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>OES</sub>	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Setup Time		2		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data Setup Time		2		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time		0		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Hold Time		2		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>DFP</sub>	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ High to Out- put Float Delay	(Note 2)	0	130	ns
t <sub>VPS</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> Setup Time		2		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>VCS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Setup Time		2		$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>PW</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE}}$ Program Pulse Width	(Note 3)	95	105	$\mu\text{s}$
t <sub>OE</sub>	Data Valid from $\overline{\text{OE}}$	(Note 2)		150	ns

### \*A.C. Conditions of Test:

Input Rise and Fall Times (10% to 90%) ..... 20 ns  
 Input Pulse Levels ..... 0.45 V to 2.4 V  
 Input Timing Reference Level ..... 0.8 V to 2.0 V  
 Output Timing Reference Level ..... 0.8 V to 2.0 V

### Notes:

- V<sub>CC</sub> must be applied simultaneously or before V<sub>PP</sub> and removed simultaneously or after V<sub>PP</sub>.
- This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested. Output Float is defined as the point where data is no longer driven — see timing diagram.
- Program Pulse width tolerance is 100  $\mu\text{sec} \pm 5\%$ .

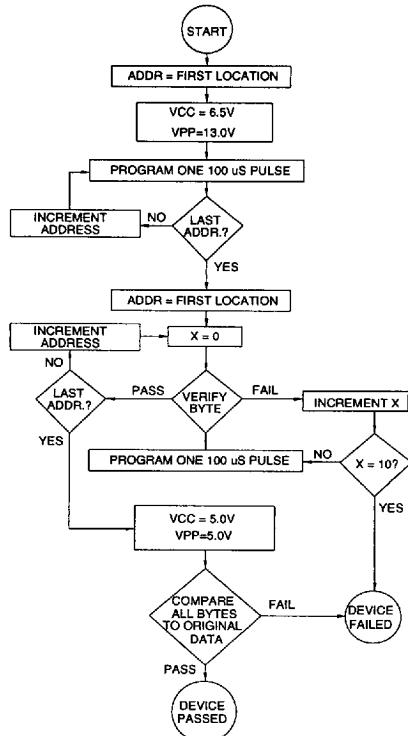
## Atmel's 27C040 Integrated Product Identification Code

Codes	Pins									Hex Data
	A0	O7	O6	O5	O4	O3	O2	O1	O0	
Manufacturer	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1E
Device Type	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0B

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## Rapid Programming Algorithm


A 100  $\mu\text{s}$   $\overline{\text{CE}}$  pulse width is used to program. The address is set to the first location. V<sub>CC</sub> is raised to 6.5 V and V<sub>PP</sub> is raised to 13.0 V. Each address is first programmed with one 100  $\mu\text{s}$   $\overline{\text{CE}}$  pulse without verification. Then a verification/reprogramming loop is executed for each address. In the event a byte fails to pass verification, up to 10 successive 100  $\mu\text{s}$  pulses are applied with a verification after each pulse. If the byte fails to verify after 10 pulses have been applied, the part is considered failed. After the byte verifies properly, the next address is selected until all have been checked. V<sub>PP</sub> is then lowered to 5.0 V and V<sub>CC</sub> to 5.0 V. All bytes are read again and compared with the original data to determine if the device passes or fails.



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## Ordering Information

 = Advance Information

t <sub>ACC</sub> (ns)	I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)		Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
	Active	Standby			
50	25	0.1	AT27C040-80DC AT27C040-80JC AT27C040-80LC AT27C040-80PC AT27C040-80RC AT27C040-80TC	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
50	30	0.1	AT27C040-80DI AT27C040-80JI AT27C040-80LI AT27C040-80PI AT27C040-80RI AT27C040-80TI	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
100	25	0.1	AT27C040-10DC AT27C040-10JC AT27C040-10LC AT27C040-10PC AT27C040-10RC AT27C040-10TC	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
100	30	0.1	AT27C040-10DI AT27C040-10JI AT27C040-10LI AT27C040-10PI AT27C040-10RI AT27C040-10TI	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
120	25	0.1	AT27C040-12DC AT27C040-12JC AT27C040-12LC AT27C040-12PC AT27C040-12RC AT27C040-12TC	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
120	30	0.1	AT27C040-12DI AT27C040-12JI AT27C040-12LI AT27C040-12PI AT27C040-12RI AT27C040-12TI	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
120	30	0.1	AT27C040-12DM AT27C040-12LM	32DW6 32LW	Military (-55°C to 125°C)
150	25	0.1	AT27C040-15DC AT27C040-15JC AT27C040-15LC AT27C040-15PC AT27C040-15RC AT27C040-15TC	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)

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**AT27C040**

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**Ordering Information**

tACC (ns)	ICC (mA)		Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
	Active	Standby			
150	30	0.1	AT27C040-15DI AT27C040-15JI AT27C040-15LI AT27C040-15PI AT27C040-15RI AT27C040-15TI	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
			AT27C040-15DM AT27C040-15LM	32DW6 32LW	Military (-55°C to 125°C)
			AT27C040-15DM/883 AT27C040-15LM/883	32DW6 32LW	Military/883D Class B, Fully Compliant (-55°C to 125°C)
200	25	0.1	AT27C040-20DC AT27C040-20JC AT27C040-20LC AT27C040-20PC AT27C040-20RC AT27C040-20TC	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
200	30	0.1	AT27C040-20DI AT27C040-20JI AT27C040-20LI AT27C040-20PI AT27C040-20RI AT27C040-20TI	32DW6 32J 32LW 32P6 32R 32T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
200	30	0.1	AT27C040-20DM AT27C040-20LM	32DW6 32LW	Military (-55°C to 125°C)
			AT27C040-20DM/883 AT27C040-20LM/883	32DW6 32LW	Military/883D Class B, Fully Compliant (-55°C to 125°C)

Package Type	
<b>32DW6</b>	32 Lead, 0.600" Wide, Windowed, Ceramic Dual Inline Package (Cerdip)
<b>32J</b>	32 Lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier OTP (PLCC)
<b>32LW</b>	32 Pad, Windowed, Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC)
<b>32P6</b>	32 Lead, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package OTP (PDIP)
<b>32R</b>	32 Lead, 0.450" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline OTP (SOIC)
<b>32T</b>	32 Lead, Plastic Thin Small Outline Package OTP (TSOP)



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